



Safeguarding Children and Vulnerable People

A CHILD AND VULNERABLE PEOPLE

1) PROTECTION POLICY 2) CODE OF CONDUCT, and 3) PROCEDURES

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SECTION 1. CHILD PROTECTION POLICY

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Policy Statement: A Commitment to Child Protection

The purpose of this Policy is to guide Hope Community Church Baldivis Inc [Hope CCB] in developing a child-protective culture. Hope CCB is committed to welcoming children and their parents or carers and providing a 'child-safe' environment, culture and programs for children and other vulnerable people who attend the services and other programs. We are committed to demonstrating our care to vulnerable people include children, young people, people with disabilities, anyone with mental health conditions, elderly people, and respect for every child and vulnerable person by protecting them from abuse of any kind. We see such a commitment as flowing naturally from our vision and mission to operate according to biblical, Christian principles for living and for recognising the unique value and potential of every person, regardless of race, age, gender, ability, or disability.

Our priority is to:

- provide safe physical, emotional and online environments.
- develop and implement clear expectations to guide the behaviour of adults towards children, expressed in a Child-safe Code of Conduct that provides advice for managing relationships between adult and children.
- develop and implement strategies for identifying, mitigating or eliminating risks to children's wellbeing and safety.
- provide clear and accessible pathways for acting on observations, allegations and disclosures, including reporting abuse.

All children who come to Hope CCB have a right to feel and be safe. The welfare of children in our care will be our first priority. The authorised leaders accept the responsibility of providing a safe and friendly environment where children are listened to, feel safe, have fun, accept challenges, learn and grow. This duty of care applies at all times, although when children attend church and remain with their parents, then the parents have the primary duty of care.

We recognise the particular need for sensitivity for those from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds, including those with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander heritage and take into consideration the needs of children with disabilities and seek to include them and make them feel safe and welcome. All children, regardless of their gender, race, religious beliefs, age, disability, sexual orientation, family, or social background, have equal rights to protection from abuse and discrimination. Our pastoral care and protection of all children expresses our love and

¹It is recognized that no organisation can guarantee the safety of children and other vulnerable people who are on site at a venue. The term 'child-safe' means that child safety is paramount to this organisation, that it has compliant policies and procedural documents and that risk identification and mitigation practices are embedded in the culture.

commitment to their **wellbeing**, even if their statements and choices do not align with the beliefs and doctrines of this church community.

This Policy recognises both Federal and State legislation, as well as regulations and guidelines, and commits workers to responsibly and reasonably cooperating with Government departments, law enforcement and child protection agencies in any care proceedings. The operational principles of our Code of Conduct support and facilitate the protection of children and young people. If any person believes a child is in immediate risk of abuse, telephone 000.

1.2. Scope

The provisions and duties of care expressed in this Child Protection Policy apply to:

- Ministers. A minister of religion is: A person defined or appointed as a recognised leader in an organised religious institution; or the appointed leader of a local religious congregation in an organised religious institution who has general authority.
- The church council/session (including minister/pastor, elders & deacons)
- All employees (including volunteers) members and adherents/regular attenders.
- All activities and programs organised by or with the approval of Hope CCB, on the premises or off-site, including camps and day trips.
- Where the church hires out its venue or facilities, the provisions of this policy applies to all
 guests or hirers of the venue and its facilities. Such temporary users of the church facilities
 will be provided with copies of this Policy Code of Conduct and relevant procedures. The
 Hiring Agreement will include a signed commitment to complying with the expectations of
 these documents.

1.3. Roles and Responsibilities

- a. **The Chair.** The Chair through the Church Council, has oversight of the policies, programs and activities of Hope CCB. If an allegation is made against the senior leader (employed) then the Chairperson becomes the 'head of entity' for the purposes of reporting and investigating.
- b. The Senior Pastor. Unless personally accused of child abuse, the Chairman is deemed the 'head of entity' for all the provisions of the Reportable Conduct Scheme, in those states where a Reportable Conduct Scheme is operational. The Church Council appoints the ChildSafe Coordinator.
- C. ChildSafe Coordinator. The person appointed to this role undertakes to manage the church's child protection procedures, especially the process for making, receiving, secure storing and managing the initial responses to complaints or allegations of abuse or misconduct against or in the presence of a child. The Child Safe Coordinator will ensure that all those working with children have a Working With Children Clearance card that is active and that regular training is undertaken by all those who have interaction with children in the church community.

1.4. Authority

This *Child and Vulnerable People Protection Policy and Procedures* and *Code of Conduct* was revised and updated to reflect the most recent changes to State and Federal law and guidelines towards being a child-safe organisation.

It was approved by the church council/session and adopted for use by Hope CCB on 8 June 2023.

1.5. Policy Review

The *Child and Vulnerable People Protection Policy and Procedures* and *Code of Conduct* will be reviewed at least every two years, or as required with the declaration of relevant legislation to remain compliant with the new legislation.

Any proposed changes or updates will be submitted to the Church Council of Hope CCB for approval at a properly convened meeting for approval before being adopted and implemented. Substantial changes or changes that alter the intent of approval and implementation will be noted in the minutes of the Church Council and on this document that must be approved by the Safe Church Unit.

1.6. Operating Principles

Duty of Care:	Means any legal responsibility that Hope CCB has to endeavour to	
	ensure the safety and wellbeing of those who participate in programs	
	or activities of the church and to provide an adequate level of	
	protection against harm.	
Vicarious	Means any legal liability that Hope CCB may be determined to have for	
Liability:	the conduct of those who act on its behalf (e.g. its staff and approved	
	voluntary leaders).	
Reasonable	Refers to the level of care that a user may reasonably expect that Hope	
Standard of Care:	CCB will take in providing any program, activity, service, or facility.	
Reasonable	Refers to a responsibility that Hope CCB has, when planning activities	
Foresight:	for children and young people, to identify any reasonably foreseen	
	danger/risk and take reasonable steps to prevent or avert such risk by	
	completing a risk assessment process prior to the activity commencing.	
Child Protection	This principle covers mandatory reporting, for those professions and	
Reporting	persons that are defined by law, and the moral and legal responsibility	
Obligations:	that all adults have to report all types of known or possible child abuse,	
	where there is a reasonable belief that a physical or sexual offence has	
	occurred or may be committed against a child.	
Reasonable	A person may form a belief on reasonable grounds, through disclosure	
belief:	by the child or a third party or personal observation of indicators that	
	a child is in need of protection after becoming aware that a child or	
	young person is likely to be abused.	

2. DEFINITIONS (REFER APPENDIX 5)

3. THE WESTERN AUSTRALIA CHILD SAFE STANDARDS

(Nov 2022) The Western Australia Government has not yet formally legislated the 10 Standards; however, they have already released documentation introducing the 10 Standards. child-safe-organisations-wa-guidelines-updated-november-2019.pdf (ccyp.wa.gov.au)

Standard 1. Child safety and wellbeing is embedded in leadership, governance and culture

Child safety and wellbeing is embedded in Hope CCB culture at every level, from the Church Council, via the Chairman. The Child-safe Code of Conduct is read and signed by all staff and volunteers engaged in Children's ministry annually. Our statement of commitment to child safety and our policies are on the church website. Our risk management strategies and procedures are comprehensive and well-known.

Standard 2. Child and Student Empowerment

Children and young people will be informed and empowered about their human rights: to be heard, consulted, and included in decision-making processes that affect them and the strategies and procedures in place to keep them safe.

Standard 3. Family Engagement

The church community will be informed and involved in developing and implementing the practices and procedures that will protect our children and their wellbeing.

Standard 4. Diversity and Equity

Equity is upheld and diverse needs are respected in policy and practice. The Church recognises some children are vulnerable because of their cultural and linguistic diversity, physical or intellectual disability, sexual identity, or gender dysphoria, and will ensure they are not discriminated against or disadvantaged by the structures, policies, and practices of the Church.

Standard 5. Suitable Staff and Volunteers

People employed or approved to work with children and young people are suitable and supported to reflect child safety and wellbeing values in practice. This will be evidenced by Working With Children clearance, and will be the focus of recruitment, screening and interviewing processes and by our regular training and induction for new children's workers.

Standard 6. Complaints Management Processes

Processes for making, managing and responding to complaints, including investigating complaints and child abuse concerns are visible, accessible and child focussed. The Church has a Complaints Management process that is outlined in Section 3 and is illustrated with simple graphic flow charts. Complaint Report Forms are available from the Child Protection Officer/ChildSafe Coordinator.

Standard 7. Child Safety knowledge, skills and awareness

Regular staff training will equip all staff members with the knowledge, skills and awareness required to keep children safe. Members of the children and youth teams will complete training and provide certification of completion. All members will read and sign off on key policies, manuals and the Child-safe Code of Conduct annually.

Standard 8. Child safety in physical and on-line environments

Physical and on-line environments promote safety and wellbeing, minimising the opportunity for children or young people to be harmed. Strategies for risk management and mitigation of physical and on-line risk are contained in relevant policies.

Standard 9. Review of Child Safety practices

The Church is committed to regular review and improvement of child safety and its implementation with the Church community.

Standard 10. Implementing Child Safe practices

This policy and the related documents show how the Church works to exercise its duty of care to all minors, and to provide evidence that these child-safe practices and procedures are well-known and complied with.

Details on how these Standards are incorporated into the Policy and Procedures are outlined below.

4. CHILD PROTECTION POLICY

Child Safety and Wellbeing are embedded in Church governance, leadership and culture – CSS 1

Hope Community Church Baldivis will:

- Ensure the Church website has a clear statement that child abuse of any kind or harmful discrimination on the basis of identified attributes will not be tolerated. This statement is also a part of recruitment documentation and other Church publications.
- Through the Church Council, assign the responsibility for child safety education and practices to the ChildSafe Coordinator. This responsibility will be practically shared by members of the Church Council and the Child Protection Officer/ChildSafe Coordinator. They will ensure that all staff and volunteers complete mandatory reading and training in Child Protection, Reporting, Risk Management and Duty of Care, as well as other policies which support these principles.
- > Undertake annual Risk Assessment audits and review of procedures, at Church Council level.
- Ensure all members of staff, including casually employed staff and volunteers, read and sign the Child-safe Code of Conduct.
- Build Risk Management strategies into the planning of all activities of the church that involve children, including excursions, camps and special events. Each event will have a nominated Person-in-Charge who will complete risk assessment documentation and present it to ChildSafe Coordinator for approval.
- Regularly (at least annually) provide all those involved with children with training and other forms of communication to ensure their understanding of obligations under the law regarding record keeping and information sharing.

Education and empowerment of children and young people - CSS 2 and CSS 7

The staff and leadership of Hope CCB encourage children to feel a part of the church by seeking their feedback regarding children's programs, and through listening to them when they speak about matters that directly affect their sense of safety or wellbeing.

Children and young adults will have the opportunity to reflect on their experience of church programs and to make comments regarding the standard of planning for and delivery of programs for their age-group. We will invite comments on other aspects of wellbeing, including staff conduct. Such feedback will inform Hope CCB and guide adjustments to practices, programs, and training. (See Appendix 6)

This element of the Child Protection Policy identifies the need for children to be educated and aware:

- of what is and what is not child abuse.
- ways and opportunity to provide feedback to Team Leaders about concerns or uncertainty relating to their safety in programs and activities.
- of how to make a complaint or allegation about abuse to themselves or another child.

To this end, Hope CCB will:

- Make this Policy and related documents available to all members of the Church community, as PDF documents on the website or by email.
- Inform and educate participants about the importance of self-protection, personal safety, strategies for finding support and help if concerned. Information posters are displayed in classrooms and other spaces.
- Encourage children to complete Feedback Forms at the end of units of study or activities where personal safety could be an issue.
- Ensure **Codes of Conduct** and other helpful materials are displayed in meeting rooms and other open spaces.
- Ensure important information about making a complaint about alleged abuse to the Child Protection Officer/ChildSafe Coordinator, or other pastoral carers will be available for participants.

We will listen to and act on any concerns children or their parents/carers raise with us.

We value diversity and we undertake to treat everyone with respect both in our words and our practices.

We are committed to protecting children from **abuse**. 'Abuse', as used in this policy, includes all the following types of abuse or neglect of children and young people:

- physical;
- sexual;
- emotional/psychological;
- racial/cultural,
- spiritual/religious, or
- neglect.

Family Engagement – CSS 3

A central principle of Family Engagement is that it is a partnership between the parents and the Church – and, ideally, the church family. This involves all aspects of pastoral care of every participant. This Policy affirms the right of parents to:

- have opportunity to comment on arrangements, policies and procedures in place for the safety and well-being of their children
- be fully informed of activities and the risk assessment and mitigation that has been undertaken
- have access to all the policies that guide governance and leadership decisions around child safety. These documents will be available on the church website.

Upholding Equity and Respecting Diversity – CSS 4

Hope Community Church Baldivis is blessed to have families from a wide range of ethnic, cultural and language backgrounds. We value and uphold this diversity and are enriched by it. Our beliefs - relating to the value of every child, regardless of age, gender or sexual orientation, race, or ethnicity. ability or disability – underpin our policies and practices in ministry, behaviour management and pastoral care.

We pay particular attention to the needs of children with physical or intellectual, or learning disabilities and for those with English as a second language or other cultural differences.

Children who identify as LGBTIQ+ or who have gender dysphoria or anxiety or confusion about or any of these identifications are protected from discrimination and cared for with the same consideration as offered to all children. (See <u>Appendix 5</u>)

Employment of Staff and Volunteers – CSS 5 & CSS 7 & CSS10

Recruitment, screening and selection practices (Ref: Volunteer Recruitment and Induction Procedures)

Hope Community Church Baldivis will be vigilant in the recruitment, selection and screening of all staff, contractors, activity leaders and volunteers to ensure they are safe and suitable to work with children and young people. It is important that every person who works with children under the auspices of this Church upholds and exemplifies our Christian beliefs and values, as expressed in this Policy, especially in their interaction with children and other vulnerable people.

- 1. Our statements of commitment to child safety and our behavioural expectations of employees and volunteers are included in all advertisements and Position Descriptions.
- 2. Hope CCB will be vigilant in the recruitment, selection and screening of all staff, leaders and volunteers to ensure they are safe and suitable to work with children and young people. It is important that every person who works with children under the auspices of this church upholds and exemplifies our Christian beliefs and values, especially in their interaction with children and other vulnerable people. We will conduct thorough screening to determine whether a prospective staff member, contractor, volunteer, or leader may pose a risk to children. This will include making reasonable efforts to gather, verify and record the following information about a person whom it proposes to engage to perform child-connected work:
 - a. the applicant will have been known to the leadership for a period of at least 12 months;
 - b. persons in teaching positions or teaching assistants must be a member of Hope CCB;
 - c. Child-related Employment Screening Clearance, that is, the Working With Children Check,
 the National Criminal Record Check;
 - d. proof of personal identity and any professional or other qualifications;
 - e. the person's history of work involving children; and
 - f. two references that address the person's suitability for the job and working with children.
- 3. The type of evidence that an applicant is required to provide to the Church will vary depending on the type of position that they are applying for. However, the Church will not offer any applicant a position of responsibility until they provide the required evidence to the church. (This will be the ChildSafe Coordinator)
- 4. Short-listed applicants will be interviewed by a church representative (Team Leader) prior to appointment being made official. Interviews will include specific questions relating to allegations or complaints made against the applicant involving misconduct against a child. The CRCA Child & Vulnerable People Protection Policy, Code of Conduct, Procedures Version 22112209 Page 12

- applicant will sign the questionnaire verifying the truthfulness and accuracy of the statements.
- 5. In line with legislation, parents of children who are involved with Hope CCB events/ministries can attend such with their child even though the parent(s) does not have a WWCC. Should such a parent become a leader/participant of such events/ministries they are required to obtain a WWCC. Otherwise, in general, people that do not have a valid and current Child related Employment Screening Clearance (WWCC, WWVP, Blue Card, Ochre Card) are not allowed to be engaged in any children's programs.

We recognize that vulnerable people need protection from harm which includes the same forms of harm as those identified for children, and may also include Family and Domestic violence, Financial abuse, Indecent assault, Sexual harassment, Image Based abuse etc. (See <u>Appendix 5</u>).

Any person with a record of child abuse, either sexual or physical, will not be offered a role that involves working with children or being in contact with children in the conduct of their duties.

In the case of contractors (tradespeople, IT personal etc) working on the church facilities, the church council/session, in ensuring the safety of children and vulnerable people, has the right to request a WWCC, though such is not legally required. The church council/session will in all circumstances ensure such contractors are appropriately supervised, especially if children are on the premises.

Induction, Training and Annual Certification

The Church provides a system of induction, support, and supervision so people feel valued, respected and fairly treated. We provide a system of induction, support and supervision so people feel valued, respected and fairly treated. Staff and volunteers are provided with a copy of this Child Protection Policy, Code of Conduct and Procedures that defines unacceptable conduct, boundaries and expectations for behaviour. Staff will sign a pledge stating they have read, understand and will comply with guidelines and follow procedures faithfully. (See Appendix 9)

This system will train and guide our staff and volunteers in their interactions with children and clear procedures for managing programs and activities.

- 1. 2 yearly 'Refresh, Renew, Update' sessions are run for all program staff and volunteers, to ensure staff and volunteers' awareness of the importance of child safety and familiarity with child protective practices and reporting expectations, and where there have been changes to legislation or practice.
- 2. Paid staff and the leadership team will attend workshop/training sessions organised by the denomination or other Registered Training Organisations at least every three years.
- 3. People that have not successfully completed their training program are not allowed to be engaged in any children's or other ministry programs.

Support and Supervision for Staff, Contractors and Volunteers

 Hope Community Church Baldivis provides support and supervision so that people feel valued, respected and fairly treated in the following ways: The church CPO checks WWCCs for all

- employed or volunteer staff annually. The WWCC authority regularly checks the suitability of staff for child connected work throughout the period that the registration / check is held.
- Staff and volunteers are accountable to read and familiarise themselves with Church policies annually, as available on **the website** and as directed by the leadership.
- Those who work with children are aware that they are accountable to their peers, supervisors and ultimately, God for the safety and wellbeing of children in their care. Awareness, vigilance and conferring with colleagues and supervisors are important strategies that are encouraged in protecting our children.

Risk Management – CSS 6 & CSS 8

Hope CCB will ensure that child safety is a part of its overall approach to risk management.

Risk assessment and management practices are embedded in our procedures for all services, programs or activities authorised by the church. We use these practices to inform our planning and implementing of all aspects of operation at Hope CCB.

Risk management applies to Work Health and Safety generally and is covered in more detail in the Facilities Team role description. Hope CCB has zero tolerance of child abuse of any kind.

Hope CCB will have Facilities team ² committed to identifying and managing risks within Hope CCB and its environment. If the Facilities Team identifies risks of child abuse occurring in Hope CCB or its environment the committee will make a record of those risks and specify the action(s) the Hope CCB will take to reduce or remove the risks (i.e. risk controls).

A **Child Protection Officer/Safe Church Coordinator** is appointed by the leadership for responding to complaints made by staff, contractors, volunteers, children or other attendees and members of the congregation.³

The Child Protection Officer (CPO)/Safe Church Coordinator will be identified, and their role explained at appropriate times in the church year. Guests, staff and volunteers are expected to use either the **Complaints Form** or the **Incident Form** to note concerns arising from observations or experience. (See Appendices 2 and 5) Copies of these forms will be kept in the Church Office by the CPO.

This policy applies specifically to the minimising of risks of abuse of any kind to children and vulnerable people who are in our care and to ensuring their physical safety in the buildings or activities of the church.

² This may be a function of the Board or Committee of Management, rather than a separate group. If so, there should be a standard Agenda item re Risk Management in meetings.

³This person is mature, experienced and readily accessible during those times children are on site, but does not directly work with children. The Child Safety Officer is appointed by the church leadership is accountable to the Pastor (the CPO should not be the Pastor!). The CPO has access to the Complaints and Incident Forms and is familiar with the legal requirements applying to the reporting of abuse against children.

In situations where a person seeks to attend or join Hope CCB with a record of offending in child abuse of any kind, the leadership will put in place appropriate boundaries restricting access, to ensure the safety of children. This is not to say that such a person, with a proven reformed attitude, cannot be received into fellowship and benefit from the pastoral care of the church. Please refer to the Person of Concern process document using this <u>— link</u>. (https://safechurchcrca.org.au/safe-church-documents/2-policy-documents)

Record Keeping – CSS 7, CSS 8

Record keeping is an essential element of our Child Protection strategies.

- Team Leaders/Team Members of children and other volunteers should keep personal notes
 of concerns, observations and disclosures regarding child abuse during the process of <u>forming</u>
 a reasonable belief.
- Notes should be saved as a personal record, but in form that can be accessible to church leadership and external authorities, if required. (Use Safety Management Online SMO).
- When a 'reasonable belief' has been established, these notes can be recorded as a Child Abuse Complaint Report Form, available from the CPO. The CPO can assist and support filling this out, if required. If it is clear that the belief requires a mandatory report, the notes and the Report Form can be supplied to the Police and the Child Protection Unit and Family Support Unit ⁴of Department of Communities.
- In WA mandatory reports can be made by Ministers of religion, boarding supervisors, doctors, nurses and midwives, police officers, and teachers.
- If a report is made, then all notes and the Report Form will be saved to a <u>case file</u>, which will be kept by the CPO with all subsequent correspondence and materials relating to investigations, determinations and further actions.

Notes and forms will record places, times, dates, names of people, observable behaviours or evidence of harm. Reports must be securely stored by the CPO (using Safety Management Online – SMO). They provide valuable legal documents for any investigations and demonstrate the Church's due diligence.

⁴ https://mandatoryreporting.communities.wa.gov.au/Pages/Home.aspx CRCA Child & Vulnerable People Protection Policy, Code of Conduct, Procedures – Version 22112209

Privacy and Confidentiality

Hope CCB collects personally identifiable and sensitive information of all people who fulfil a role within the church. Hope CCB will collect, use, disclose, and store such information in accordance with the "Australian Privacy Principles" as described in the Privacy Act (1988).

As much as is reasonably possible, an individual's confidentiality is to be protected.

The Church will collect, use, disclose and hold personal information of all people who fulfil a role within the church, in accordance with relevant privacy legislation. Such data will be securely stored and protected. Greater detail is provided in the Church's Privacy Policy.

As much as is reasonably possible, an individual's confidentiality is to be protected where allegations of child abuse are made.

Where there is suspected abuse or misconduct, staff members, leaders, volunteers and contractors must not disclose or make use of the information in a manner that breaches confidentiality, other than to report and act in a way consistent with the Child Protection Policy, Code of Conduct and Procedure, and relevant statutory requirements.

Review - CSS 9

All policies, procedures, and practices for keeping children safe will be reviewed:

- every two years or,
- after every reportable incident
- following changes to the law.

The policy review will assess whether the Church's Child Protection policies or procedures require modification to better protect the children under its care. Hope CCB undertakes to seek views, comments and suggestions from children, parents, carers, staff and volunteers.

5. REPORTING AND INVESTIGATION OF SUSPECTED CHILD ABUSE

Child abuse, especially sexual abuse of a child must be reported, where a reasonable belief is held that the child concerned has been abused, is being or is likely to be abused. A responsible adult can come to a reasonable belief through:

- i. Disclosure by a child about abuse to his or herself.
- ii. Disclosure by another child or an adult about abuse to a child, or
- iii. Direct observation of the abuse or evidence of it by the reporting adult.

The identity of the abuser and the circumstances of the event determine the procedure that should be followed by the leadership, employees, or volunteers of Hope CCB.

a. Abuse of a Child Outside of the Church

If a child attending a Hope CCB program discloses abuse against them or to another child by a person **outside of the Hope CCB community**, then the procedures outlined in **Reporting Procedure 1** (Appendix 1 and 1A) must be followed. All such disclosures should be written up on a **Complaints Reporting Form** (Appendix 2) and the Child Protection Officer/Team Leader/Pastor/Safe Church Coordinator informed.

However, it is the duty of the Pastor to report the matter to either the Police or Child Protection Services (DCP), following the <u>Reporting Procedure 1</u>. The church leadership may also decide to make a report. If the abuse is of a sexual nature a report must also be made to the Mandatory Reporting Website – using this <u>link</u>.

In this case, *no further investigation by the church is required*. It is important that no further information is obtained from the child by the church until the matter has been notified and further direction has been forthcoming from the appropriate authority. This is to ensure there is no contamination of evidence if the matter were to proceed to court. Neither is the child to be asked 'leading questions' as such may be deemed to contaminate evidence if legal proceedings are determined.

At all times, all reasonable steps to protect the child from harm should be taken.

b. Abuse of a Child by a Hope CCB employee, volunteer, or member

In the case of an allegation being made against a staff member, volunteer, leader or contractor at Hope CCB, the Child Protection Coordinator/Safe Church Coordinator will follow the Reporting Procedure in **Procedure 1** (Appendix 1 and 1A) to notify both the church leadership team and either the Police (if the matter is deemed severe or criminal) or the Child Protection Unit of DCP. Hope CCB will take all steps to ensure that the safety of the child is paramount.

Step 1. Ensure that the details of the allegation are recorded on a church Complaint and Abuse Form (Appendix 2), and the Pastor or Leadership Team is informed. Report

the matter to the Police or DCP (The Department of Communities, Child Protection and Family Support).

- **Step 2.** If the incident involves a report of sexual abuse, the Mandatory Reporting must also be completed, using this <u>link</u>.
- Step 3. Guidance needs to be sought from the Police or Child Protection Agency about suspending an alleged abuser, balancing the need to prevent evidence removal with the safety of the child. When so advised the accused person should be withdrawn from active duty, which could entail standing down (with pay, where applicable), re-assignment to other duties that do not have direct contact with children, or to work under increased supervision while the matter is being investigated.
- Step 4. Notify the Department of Communities, Child Protection and Family Support (WA) (Ph 1800 273 889 or 08 9223 1111) in accordance with the Reportable Conduct Scheme guidelines, within the timeframe specified.
- Step 4. The investigation process should be completed within 30 days of notification, and the report of the investigation, including findings and actions taken (or decision not to act) will be sent to the Department of Communities, Child Protection and Family Support. In some cases, it may be appropriate to bring in an investigator from outside the church, to avoid conflicts of interest. If the case has been reported to authorities, investigations by Hope CCB should only be conducted when the authorities have approved this investigation.
- **Step 5.** When a report is made, the leadership will contact the insurer via GJ Insurance Consulting Pty Ltd. Ph 1300 384 799 or insure@gjic.com.au

c. Investigations

Hope CCB will appropriately investigate all allegations relating to an incident of abuse in accordance with its obligations and to the extent reasonably practicable.

In some circumstances, it may be necessary for Hope CCB to conduct an investigation *in addition to* any investigation conducted by authorities (e.g. the police). Hope CCB may conduct an independent investigation into the allegation to the extent that it will not interfere with investigations by the state child protection authority or the police and will cooperate with the authorities as required. All people covered by this Child Protection Policy, Code of Conduct and Procedure must co-operate fully with any investigation by the Department, the police or Hope CCB.

In some circumstances, it may be appropriate for Hope CCB to engage a person (or persons) from outside Hope CCB to conduct an independent investigation in relation to allegations. ⁵

⁵ It is important to have an arrangement in place. The investigator must be a person of experience and qualification, maybe with a role in the wider church association or sourced through GJIC Insurance.

Hope CCB will make every effort to keep any such investigation confidential; however, from time-to-time other employees, leaders, volunteers and contractors may need to be consulted in conjunction with the investigation (e.g. to provide witness statements).

d. Case management

In the event of a child or vulnerable person disclosing an incident of abuse to someone they trust it is essential that it is dealt with swiftly, sensitively and professionally.

An investigation conducted by Hope CCB will be conducted in accordance with procedural fairness to protect the integrity of the investigation and the interests of all the participants involved in the investigation. Hope CCB will also handle the allegations in a confidential manner to the greatest extent possible. The outcome will depend on the findings of the investigation, but may be (but not limited to):

- withdrawal from current role;
- re-assignment to duties with no contact with children;
- increased supervision;
- disciplinary action, dismissal or criminal prosecution;
- deposition from office.

SECTION 2. CODE OF CONDUCT

1. PURPOSE

Hope CCB is a group of followers of Jesus Christ in Baldivis, Western Australia seeking to reflect the teachings of Christ and of the New Testament with integrity and humility. Beyond personal faith in the redeeming work of Christ in His death and resurrection, we accept that our faith is worked out and expressed in the quality of relationships we develop as a church community and all those with whom we interact in our daily lives. Jesus summarised God's expectation for the conduct of His people into one famous and succinct sentence: 'You shall love the Lord your God with all your heart, soul, mind and strength, and your neighbours as yourself.' He reinforced this 'law of love' by adding, 'By this shall all men know that you are my disciples; you love one another!' Jesus also taught and demonstrated the importance of truth and honesty, of justice and mercy as essential to healthy relationships.

This **Code of Conduct** seeks to apply to the ministerial, or pastoral relationship those ethical standards that God expects of all people. People in various forms of recognised ministry are therefore expected to be examples and models of Christian faith and practice. It is the duty of any person in a ministry position not to use the influence or authority of their position for personal gain, whether that gain is financial or in terms of power, sexual gratification, or otherwise. This includes any action, verbal, written or electronic, physical or emotional that could be interpreted as emotional, sexual or other abuse, and applies especially when working with children. We recognize the power differential between children and adults in ministry roles, and these guidelines seek to ensure that such a power is not used to harm children or any vulnerable person.

The adoption of this **Code of Conduct** and the related **Procedural Documents** for investigating breaches of the Code, reflects a deep desire for an open, accountable process that seeks to express justice, love and compassion to all parties, rather than to protect the organization.

1.1. Our Commitment

Our commitment to expressing the love of Christ leads us to the view that all people should be able to live, work and learn in an environment that is free from abuse of any kind. Our commitment is to cultivate an environment and culture where a diversity of people, regardless of age, gender, race and culture can thrive and grow holistically. That is, we are committed to Hope CCB being a safe place for all people, with a special focus on the safety and wellbeing of children and vulnerable people.

This **Code of Conduct** aims to <u>detail the standards of conduct</u> expected by staff (paid and voluntary) in the performance of their duties and to provide <u>guidance</u> in areas where there is a need to make personal and ethical decisions.

At the time of this revision, the **Code of Conduct** recognises and is aligned with all statutory and compliance requirements enshrined in State and Federal law. Hope CCB is committed to

operating in accordance with the law in all its operations so that it provides a safe, ethical and caring place for all users and activities.

2. SPECIFIC EXPECTATIONS TO PROTECT CHILDREN FROM ABUSE

All those who minister or work under the auspices of the church with children should be fully aware of the **Child and Vulnerable People Protection Policy** and **Code of Conduct.** Abusive behaviour towards children will not be tolerated and any and all allegations will be reported and investigated.

2.1. DO:

- contact the police if a child is at immediate risk of abuse (telephone '000');
- adhere to the Child and Vulnerable People Protection Policy and Procedure and uphold the Hope CCB's commitment to child safety at all times;
- > take all reasonable steps to protect children from abuse, recognising your duty of care;
- maintain a duty of care towards others involved in these programs and activities;
- conduct yourselves in a manner consistent with your position as an employee, volunteer, leader or contractor of Hope CCB and as a positive role model to children and young people;
- work towards the achievement of the aims and purposes of Hope CCB;
- be responsible for relevant administration of programs and activities in your area;
- establish and maintain a child-safe environment in the course of your work;
- be fair, considerate and honest with others;
- reat all children and young people with respect, fairness, compassion and encouragement and value their input and opinions regardless of race, colour, sex, language, culture or other differences;
- > promote the cultural safety, participation and empowerment of all children and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Island children (for example, by never questioning an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Island child's self-identification);
- promote the safety, participation and empowerment of children and young people including those with culturally and/or linguistically diverse backgrounds (for example, by having a zero tolerance of discrimination);;
- ➤ listen and respond to the views and concerns of children, particularly if they are telling you that they are or another child has been abused or that they are worried about their safety/the safety of another child;
- ensure (as far as practicable) that adults are not alone with a child, or, at least, observable by another adult.
- raise concerns about suspected abuse with the Child Protection Officer or a leader as soon as possible;
- > comply with all reporting obligations as they relate to reporting under legislation;
- record and act upon all allegations or suspicions of abuse, discrimination or harassment;
- if an allegation of child abuse is made, ensure as quickly as possible, the immediate and ongoing safety of the child or children;
- be professional, consistent and responsible in all your actions;

- maintain strict impartiality;
- respect confidentiality when sharing information about children in accordance with the Child and Vulnerable People Protection Policy and Procedures and your reporting obligations.

2.2. DO NOT:

All people involved in the care of children on behalf of Hope CCB must not:

- ignore or disregard any suspected or disclosed child (or any other) abuse;
- > put a child at risk of abuse (for example, by locking doors for an improper reason);
- > speak to a child in a way that is or could be construed by any observer as harsh, threatening, intimidating, shaming, derogatory, demeaning, or humiliating. Some examples are:
 - o swearing or using inappropriate language in the presence of a child;
 - yelling at a child, except in an emergency situation where the child's safety may be in danger;
 - o dealing with a child in anger; and
 - using hurtful sarcasm.
- discuss sexual activities with a child, unless it is a specific job requirement and the person is trained or qualified to discuss these matters (and it is part of an approved program or activity);
- have private contact with a child outside of church activities without the knowledge and/or consent of Hope CCB's leadership or the child's parent or guardian;
- have any online contact with a child (including by social media, email, instant messaging etc.) or their family (unless necessary and approved by the church and the child's parents/guardians, using an approved church email or social media account);
- use any personal communication channels/devices such as a personal email account or social media to communicate with a child without parental knowledge; Refer in this regard to Appendix 10
- exchange personal contact details such as phone number, social networking sites or email addresses with a child (unless necessary and approved by the church and the child's parents/guardians as the agreed form of communication);
- ➤ use, possess, or be under the influence of alcohol while in the presence of or while supervising a child (unless your contact with the child is accidental/incidental and you are not performing your duties as directed by Hope CCB);
- use, possess, or be under the influence of illegal drugs while in the presence of or while supervising a child;
- provide or allow a child to consume alcohol;
- provide or allow a child to consume illegal drugs;
- initiate unnecessary physical contact with a child or young person, or do things of a personal nature for them that they can do for themselves;
- engage in rough physical games, hold, massage, kiss, cuddle or touch a child in an inappropriate and/or culturally insensitive way;
- engage in any sexual contact with a child for any purpose;

- take a child to your home or encourage meetings outside program activities (unless necessary and approved by the church and the child's parents/guardians);
- be naked in the presence of a child;
- possess sexually explicit printed materials (magazines, cards, videos, films, clothing, etc.) in the presence of children;
- > sleep in the same bed, sleeping bag, room or tent with a single child;
- treat any child or young person disrespectfully, unfairly, harshly or discouragingly based on their age, gender, race, culture, disability or any other differences;
- engage in any activity with a child that is likely to emotionally harm them (e.g. watch a movie that is age or content inappropriate for a child);
- be alone with a child unnecessarily and for more than a very short time, unless you are observable by another adult or it is unavoidable;
- develop a 'special' relationship with a specific child for your own needs;
- > show favouritism through the provision of gifts or inappropriate attention;
- photograph or video a child without the consent of the child and his/her parents or guardians;
- b do anything in contravention of Hope CCB's policies, procedures or this Code.

DECLA	ARATION	
People F	, have read the Code of Condu- Protection Policy and Procedures that express the inter children and other vulnerable people.	
_	to comply with these rules and expectations. I understance or commit an act of serious misconduct or break the law	
> term	ension from duties during investigation of allegations againation of employment without notice or payment in lieuge reported to the police and charged with a criminal offer.	u (summary or instant dismissal);
Signed: _		Date: / / 20
Signed: _	<employer church="" of="" officer="" or="" senior="" the=""></employer>	Date: / / 20

SECTION 3. CHILD PROTECTION PROCEDURES & FORMS

1. Complaints and Allegations

Any person who believes a child is at immediate risk of abuse should telephone 000.

Certain professions are referred to as 'mandatory reporters'. This includes medical practitioners, nurses (including school nurses), members of the police force, religious leaders (pastors, including elders and deacons), counsellors and primary and secondary teachers, principals, and church leadership. Penalties may be incurred by those named as 'mandatory reporters' if they fail to notify the Child Protection agency if they have reasonable grounds for a belief (not proof!) that a child or young person is in need of protection, because they have suffered, or are likely to suffer significant harm, particularly physical or sexual abuse.

In addition to the mandatory reporting obligations above, **any person** who believes on reasonable grounds that a child is in need of protection from child abuse, should disclose that information to the Police or the Child Protection.

2. When is a child or vulnerable person in need of protection?

A child or vulnerable person is in need of protection if any of the following grounds exist—

- a) the child has been abandoned by his or her parents;
- b) the child's parents are dead or incapacitated and there is no other suitable person willing and able to care for the child;
- c) the child has suffered, or is likely to suffer, significant harm as a result of physical injury and the child's parents have not protected, or are unlikely to protect, the child from harm of that type:
- d) the child has suffered, or is likely to suffer, significant harm as a result of sexual abuse and the child's parents have not protected, or are unlikely to protect, the child from harm of that type;
- e) the child has suffered, or is likely to suffer, emotional or psychological harm of such a kind that the child's emotional or intellectual development is, or is likely to be, significantly damaged and the child's parents have not protected, or are unlikely to protect, the child from harm of that type;
- the child's physical development or health has been, or is likely to be, significantly harmed and the child's parents have not provided, arranged or allowed the provision of, or are unlikely to provide, arrange or allow the provision of, basic care or effective medical, surgical or other remedial care;
- g) the child or vulnerable person has suffered, or is likely to suffer, bullying, image based abuse or similar harm of such a kind that the vulnerable person's emotional or intellectual development is, or is likely to be, significantly damaged;
- h) the vulnerable person has suffered, or is likely to suffer financial abuse or similar harm of such a kind that the vulnerable person's financial position is, or is likely to be, significantly damaged;
- the child or vulnerable person has suffered, or is likely to suffer spiritual abuse or similar harm of such a kind that the vulnerable person's emotional or intellectual development is, or is likely to be, significantly damaged.

3. Making and Managing an Allegation of Abuse

3.1. Where possible, any person (including a child or parent) making an allegation of child abuse should be encouraged to fill out a **Complaints Form** (Appendix 2) and give this to the **Child Protection Officer (CPO) / ChildSafe Coordinator.** If they are not willing or able to fill out the Form, the CPO (or other leader) may take notes and fill out the form at a later time. The CPO will share the allegation with the senior leader of Hope CCB. A copy of this Form must be kept by the CPO. The complainant may keep the original. This is an essential record of the event.

If a child is concerned about their own safety or the safety of another person, the child may speak to the **Child Protection Officer (CPO)/ChildSafe Coordinator**. The CPO will meet with the complainant, and hear the story, taking notes and seeking clarification, ensuring that the complainant feels listened to, understood and protected.

The gathering of minimal information to make a reasonable decision is required. Any conversation with a child or young person needs to be recorded word for word if called upon for evidence. No question is to be 'leading' or introducing material the child or young person has not self-disclosed.

3.2. Any responsible adult should, if they have come to a reasonable belief that abuse of a child has happened, is or is likely to happen, follow the steps outlined in **Reporting Procedure 1** (<u>Appendix 1A</u>) below. This includes senior leadership, or any concerned member of the church.

APPENDIX 1 - REPORTING PROCEDURE 1

1. Clarifying, Recording Evidence and Specific Information about the Child

A Report is required if you believe, based on reasonable grounds, that a child has suffered, or is at risk of suffering, significant harm as a result of physical, sexual, emotional abuse or neglect AND that the child's parents or caregivers have not, or are unlikely to, protect the child from such harm.

The following information will be required when making a formal report to either the Police or Child Protection Services.

- The child's name, age (date of birth is preferable) and address
- The name, age and address of any known siblings
- Your reasons (observations or disclosures) for believing that the child is at risk of abuse, or actually being abused or neglected
- Your assessment of the immediate danger to the child
- Current whereabouts of the child or vulnerable person (if not in the home)
- Your description of injuries or 'sign' behaviours you have observed
- Any other information you may have of relevance to the investigation
- Information link for all States/Territories click <u>here</u>
 (https://aifs.gov.au/cfca/publications/mandatory-reporting-child-abuse-and-neglect)

2. Fill out a Complaints Report Form (Appendix 2)

N.B. You do not have to be given permission by church authorities to make such a report. Your identity as notifier will remain confidential unless you choose to inform the child or family.

3. Reporting

Making a report is to lay a serious allegation of a criminal offence against another person, so clarify your perceptions carefully before reporting.

You can make your report to:

- Hope CCB Child Protection Officer/Safe Church Coordinator, using a Complaint Form.
 Attach your notes to the form, keeping a copy. Please note, the CPO will inform the senior leadership of the church of your report, and they will act in accordance to law. You may still make an independent report to:
- **The Police.** (Ring 13 14 44) The police are the most appropriate first responders if the report is regarding abuse that is immediate, criminal, or endangering the child on church premises in another location. If the child is in immediate danger call 000.
- Child Protection Services

Western Australia: Department of Communities, Child protection and Family Support (1300 273 889 BH, or (08) 9223 1111 AH)

All State Child Protection Services – click <u>here</u>.
 (https://aifs.gov.au/cfca/publications/cfca-resource-sheet/reporting-child-abuse-and-neglect)

APPENDIX 1A - REPORTING PROCEDURE 1

Reporting Child abuse – External to your Workplace

The chart below outlines the process that a person working with children in a specific setting should follow to protect a vulnerable child form actual or possible abuse, from someone with no relationship or connection with the organisation.

Disclosure	By a child who is being abused	By another adult	child or	By personal observation
'Reasonable Belief'	Through observation, listerning, checking with other adults you come to a <i>reasonable belief</i> that a child <u>has been</u> abused, <u>is being</u> or <u>in danger of being</u> abused. (see definitions of abuse)			
Recording / Documenting	Make notes of observations and information gathered. Record data on the name, age, gender, current location or address of the child; describe any visible injuries or relevant behaviours; any information on the abuse (if known). Do not interrogate the child! Fill out a Complaint Report Form, if possible			
Severity	Criminal – sexual or abuse, groom ↓			ct: physical, emotional lying or severe neglect
Report to	The Police Risk of immediate ha to life: Call 00		-	Protection Services 13 14 44 1800 273 889

Lodge Complaint Report Form with **Child Protection Officer** or Pastor. These officers may also report to the appropriate agencies.

(08) 9223 1111 a/hrs

There is nothing else you need to do, as a responsible adult.

Your identity as a notifier will remain confidential unless you choose to inform the child or family.

APPENDIX 2 - COMPLAINT AND ABUSE REPORTING FORM

Please use the Form to report a Formal Complaint or Abuse of any kind towards yourself or another person, including a child. Please read the Code of Conduct Document before using this form.

When should this report be completed?

This report must be completed if:

- 1. There is an alleged illegal act, a participant sent home, serious leader dispute, damage or loss of property.
- 2. The situation relates to Child Protection (disclosure of abuse, allegation of abuse, or report based on reasonable grounds).
- 3. You have a grievance about anything relating to the activities or buildings/physical environment of the church.
- 4. Other situations will require judgement and consultation with your organisation. In situations where doubt exists about the use of this report, complete a report.

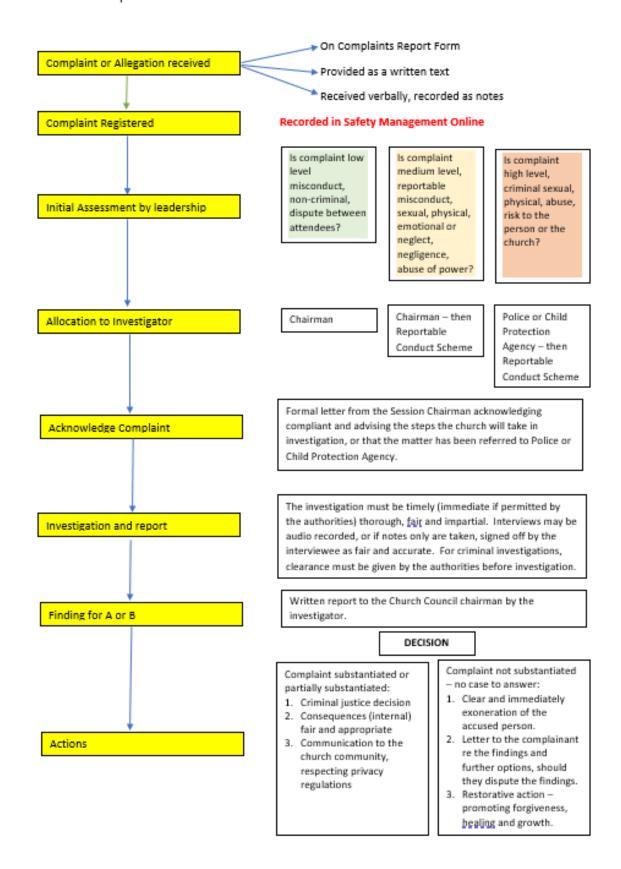
What do I do with this report after I have completed it?

- 1. Check that all information is correct to the best of your knowledge.
- 2. Check that the appropriate signatures are given.
- 3. The Team Leader forwards the form to your Coordinator as soon as possible. More severe complaints require immediate reporting, while other reports should be submitted within seven days.

The **Complaint and Abuse Report Form** can be downloaded using this link: <u>Link to Forms.</u> (https://safechurchcrca.org.au/safe-church-documents/4-forms)

APPENDIX 3 – MANAGING COMPLAINTS AND INVESTIGATIONS

COMPLAINT REPORT MANAGEMENT AND INVESTIGATION PROCESS



APPENDIX 4 – INCIDENT REPORTING FORM

Please use the Form to report an Incident. **Please read the Code of Conduct Document before using this form.**

When should this report be completed?

This report must be completed if:

- 1. An outside emergency service is contacted (Police, Ambulance, State Emergency Service etc.).
- 2. An individual is taken to hospital, doctor's surgery, emergency dental surgery, or other medical professional.
- 3. An injury results in a participant being unable to participate for 24 hours.
- 4. There is an alleged illegal act, a participant sent home, serious leader dispute, damage or loss of property.
- 5. Other situations will require judgement and consultation with your organisation. In situations where doubt exists about the use of this report, complete a report.

How do I complete this report:

- Sections A, B & D must be completed in all situations.
- Section C is to be completed where there is an injury to an individual.

What do I do with this report after I have completed it?

- 1. Check that all information is correct to the best of your knowledge.
- 2. Check that the appropriate signatures are given.
- 3. The Team Leader forwards the form to your Coordinator as soon as possible. More severe incidents require immediate reporting, while other reports should be submitted within seven days.

The **Incident Form** can be downloaded using this link: <u>Link to Forms</u> (https://safechurchcrca.org.au/safe-church-documents/4-forms)

APPENDIX 5 – DEFINITIONS OF ABUSE AGAINST CHILDREN

Child abuse includes:

- a. Any act committed against a child involving
 - i. a sexual offence; or
 - ii. an offence under section 498(2) of the Crimes Act 1958 (grooming); and
- b. the infliction, on a child, of
 - i. physical violence; or
 - ii. serious emotional or psychological harm; and
- c. serious neglect of a child.

"Child" means a person under the age of 18 years unless otherwise stated under the law applicable to the child. Collective term for "child" is "children".

The most prevalent types of abuse are physical, sexual, emotional, neglect and racial/cultural.

1. Physical Abuse

Physical abuse is any non-accidental physical injury resulting from practices such as:

- Hitting, punching, kicking, beating (marks from belt buckles, fingers).
- Shaking (particularly babies).
- Burning (irons, cigarettes), biting, pulling out hair.
- Alcohol or other drug administration.
- Fractured bones especially in young children.
- Strangulation.
- Unexplained or hidden injuries.

2. Sexual Abuse, including 'grooming'

Sexual abuse is any sexual act or threat to perform such upon another person. It occurs when a person uses their power and authority to take advantage of another's trust to involve them in sexual activity. It does not necessarily involve genital contact but is any act which erodes the sexual boundary between two persons. It may appear consensual, but the validity of consent is negated by the power differential.

Sexual grooming is a pattern of behaviour aimed at engaging a child, as a precursor to sexual abuse. Examples include inappropriate special time with the child, inappropriately giving gifts, 'accidental touching', allowing the child to sit on lap, having secrets. In isolation, such behaviours may not indicate the risk of abuse occurring, but if there is a pattern of behaviour occurring, it may indicate grooming. Grooming behaviours often mimic the kind of relationship-developing strategies that Christian ministries use for the benefit and wellbeing of children, that is, gaining CRCA Child & Vulnerable People Protection Policy, Code of Conduct, Procedures – Version 22112209 Page 31

the trust of the child, demonstrating care and concern, spending time, visiting in the home, finding out about family, friends and hobbies. However, grooming to involve a child in sexual activities for the personal gratification of an adult is a crime.

The grooming process often starts with the person 'grooming' the organization or church by building trust. Then progressively the perpetrator starts to target families before starting to groom the child.

3. Emotional or Psychological Abuse

Emotional abuse is the chronic attitude or behaviour of one person, which is directed at another person, or, the creation of an emotional environment which erodes a child's development, self-esteem and social confidence over time. Behaviours may include: devaluing, ignoring, rejecting, corrupting, isolating, terrorising or chronic and extreme domestic violence in the child's presence.

4. Neglect

Neglect is characterised by the failure to provide for the child's basic needs. It includes any serious omission or commission which jeopardises or impairs a person's development. Examples include the failure to provide food, shelter, healthcare, adequate hygiene or schooling for a child.

5. **Bullying and cyber-bullying**

Bullying can be defined as repeated, unreasonable, unwanted behaviour conducted by an individual or group against another person, which has a negative impact on health and wellbeing. This includes aggression, verbal, emotional/psychological or physical acts or the use of social media or other forms of communication that intimidates, humiliates or threatens. It often involves an abuse of a power differential between the bully and the victim.

Cyber-bullying occurs when a person uses any form of telecommunication to sexually groom, bully, suggest an inappropriate relationship be formed, or engage a child in sexual language or behaviours. The explosion of electronic communications (Facebook and other social media sites, text-messaging, internet chat rooms etc.) has seen a sharp increase in cyber-bullying. <u>Appendix 10</u> contains Hope CCB's electronic communication policy.

6. Other abuse

We recognise that abuse can also take many other forms, and we commit to treating all children and young people with respect, fairness, compassion and encouragement, regardless of any differences.

APPENDIX 6 — (EXAMPLE) FEEDBACK SURVEY OF CHILDREN

Name: _____

		to have a say about the children ere between "Not at all!' and 'Ab	's programs. Think about each statement and osolutely!'.
1.		looked after when I come to this c	
Not a		Mostly	Absolutely!
2.	My parents like and	follow the log-in process and arra	ngements for my care.
l		I	
Not a	t all.	Mostly	Absolutely!
3.	I know which toilets	s to use and feel safe when using th	nem.
I		l	
Not a	t all.	Mostly	Absolutely!
		es for activities and learning times	
		l	
Not a	t all.	Mostly	Absolutely!
5.	The activities are fur	n, challenging and well-organised.	
I		l	I
Not a	t all.	Mostly	Absolutely!
6.	I feel safe and relaxe	ed while I am in the children's prog	rams.
l		l	I
Not a	t all.	Mostly	Absolutely!
7.	I feel that the leader	s know what they are doing and a	re looking after me.
Not a	t all.	Mostly	Absolutely!
		ndly and respectful of my friends ar	
			I
Not a	t all.	Mostly	Absolutely!
9.	If I am worried or up	set, I know who I can go to for hel	р.
l		l	I
Not a	t all.	Mostly	Absolutely!
10.	I would recommend	this church program as great for k	ids.
l		_	
Not a		Mostly	Absolutely!

APPENDIX 7 — ALTERNATIVE TO CHILDSAFE CSE3-MF FORM

MEDICAL & HI	EALTH INFORMATION – SPECIAL EVENT	(EXAMPLE)
••••••	(**Insert organisati	on name)
Child's Name		
(Surname)	(Christian name)	Date of Birth
Is your child taking any regular or c	urrently prescribed medication?	YES / NO
If so, please name the medication a	and provide details of dosage and administration	1
	medication to your child as directed by written	
Is there anything about your child's	s health which means that s/he should engage in YES / NO	n only limited physical activity?
If so, please give details		
Does your child require a special di	et because of health problems?	YES / NO
If so, please give details		
Is there any other information which	ch may help us care for your child?	YES / NO
If so, please give details		
rgency contact 1. Name:	Mobile	::
rgency contact 2. Name:	Mobile:	:
erred Medical Centre/ Doctor:	Phone	:
ou have private medical insurance?	Provider:	
	AUTHORISATION	
ne event of an accident or sudden illi	ness, I authorise the person in charge to call an a	ambulance or to seek medical
ntion at my expense, should I not be	contactable.'	
ed:		
Parent/guardian/caregiver [Prin	t name if not one of the above]	
ness Name:	Signature:	
		

APPENDIX 8 — EXAMPLE PERMISSION FORM — ALTERNATIVE TO CHILDSAFE CSE3-RR

PE	ERMISSION TO ATTEND EVENT/CAMP FORM (E	EXAMPLE)
	(**Insert or	ganisation name)
As a parent/caregiver of: .		
I,	give r	my consent for him/her to take
part in the <special activit<="" td=""><td>y or camp> to be held at the</td><td>(event site)</td></special>	y or camp> to be held at the	(event site)
from	to(o	r on)
(date)	(date)	(date)
and acknowledge that risk	copy of the programme for thek of injuries is inherent in physical act , I recognize that accidents may occur.	
· ·	have my authority to take whatever ng and successful conduct of the partic activity.	-
	s accidentally injured, I authorise the p treatment my child requires. I wil	
	on as asked concerning my child's heal the planned activity. My child's own lo mergency.	
I also acknowledge that th	ne Hope CCB and all its representative	leaders or other helpers at
<name event="" of=""> can ac</name>	ccept no liability for any personal injur	y or property loss suffered by
my child during the period	d of the <name event="" of="">.</name>	
Signed:	andian /Cono airran	Date://20
Parent/Gua	ardian/Care-giver	

APPENDIX 9 - MINISTRY/ORGANISATIONAL COVENANT

	Of Hope CCB		
	(Print name)		
De	eclare that, except as is stated below,		
(1)	have not been guilty of any sexual misconduct against any person;		
(2)	have never committed any criminal offence involving fraud, violence or drugs;		
(3)	am of good character and suitable for ministry within Hope CCB		
(If	exceptions to the above give details and if insufficient room place them in an attachment).		
Acl	knowledge I have read and agreed to the Hope CCB Child Protection Policies, Code of Conduct and the		
Ch	ildSafe Team Member Guide.		
Ag	ree I will cooperate with the Hope CCB in any investigation undertaken in relation to a complaint or		
alle	egation of impropriety or misconduct made against me.		
Ag	ree I will attend and take part in education courses to prepare and equip me for ministry with children.		
Acl	knowledge that by signing this covenant no legal contract is created between myself and my Hope CCB		
bu ⁻	t accept that it acts as a consent for the operation of the Child Protection Policy and the Child Protection		
Pro	ocedure Manual and that legal consequences may follow if I have knowingly given false answers to any		
of	the questions 1 – 4 above.		
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APPENDIX 10 – ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

Aim

This Policy seeks to outline guidelines and good practice for youth leaders in using electronic communication tools in a safe and encouraging way for those under the church's care.

Online and smart phone usage guidelines

1. For people in ministry roles

The following guidelines are to assist all people who work with young people and all people who are in positions of authority within the CRCA. Where the phrase "young person" or "young people" is used it is always defined as a person or people under 18 years of age. This advice provides useful general guidance in regard to online and smart phone communication (i.e. all electronic communication). In cases where ministry outcomes are in part effected through the use of social media then it is recommended that particular practice guidelines pertaining to that ministry are developed and clearly communicated to the leaders. The SCU is available for assistance in establishing such particular guidelines.

2. Safe Church

The Safe Church Code of Conduct states that: "This **Code of Conduct** seeks to apply to the ministerial, or pastoral relationship those ethical standards that God expects of all people. People in various forms of recognised ministry are therefore expected to be examples and models of Christian faith and practice. It is the duty of any person in a ministry position not to use the influence or authority of their position for personal gain, whether that gain is financial or in terms of power, sexual gratification, or otherwise. This includes any action, verbal, written or electronic, physical or emotional that could be interpreted as emotional, sexual or spiritual abuse, and applies especially when working with children. We recognize the power differential between children and adults in ministry roles, and these guidelines seek to ensure that such a power is not used to harm children or any vulnerable person." This point has application to your use of all electronic communications as a person of authority or person working with young people in the CRCA.

3. Basic Principles

There are three basic principles when having any type of conversation with a young person:

- 1. Remember God is listening: The 'God test' is this conversation honouring God? The 'parent test' if this young person's parents were listening/reading this, would they feel comfortable with this conversation?
- 2. Seek transparency in conversations with young people and do not converse where you can't be observed by others.
- 3. Don't get in deeper than you can handle if issues arise that are greater than your ability or in an area of your weakness refer the young person to others who are better equipped to deal with it. When in doubt, ask for help

Online and smart phone communications can create an intense, relational situation because of the ease of access, the comfort of distance and its unobserved nature. A relationship can be developed far more quickly than was possible before online communication was common. CRCA Child & Vulnerable People Protection Policy, Code of Conduct, Procedures – Version 22112209 Page 37

Therefore, the church considers talking with young people online and via smart phone to be exactly the same as talking to them face to face. The same code of conduct for leaders interacting with young people face to face applies to all types of online and smart phone communication.

4. Specific conduct guidelines:

4.1. FACEBOOK/TWITTER/INSTAGRAM/BLOGS/WEBSITES

If your church ministry or organisation establishes any of the above social media platforms as a method of communication within the group this is the best place for leaders to converse with members of the group as all conversations may be held in public. Ensure there is no option for private conversations to take place on this facility.

Best practice is for leaders not to be individual friends on social media with young people within the church or organisation. This is due to the risks inherent in private relationships which may develop over social media. These risks affect both young people and leaders.

However it is recognised that leaders may be individual friends on social media with young people where the relationship is pre-existing or established via other connections, for example they may be related or may have formed the friendship via knowing each other external to the leader/group member relationship. In circumstances where leaders are individual friends with young people on social media leaders are at all times to adhere to the basic principles above.

4.2.SMS TEXT MESSAGING/EMAILS

Best practice is to only use the above methods of communication as a "one-way" avenue for communicating within the group. Make it clear to all members of the group that while SMS texts/emails will be used for communication leaders will not reply individually to any response from group members, unless a matter of urgency arises and in every case, with a fellow leader copied in on the reply. Give parents the option of always being copied in on any communication from the ministry or organisation leaders and add those parents to the contacts list. When sending group emails always remember to send any email to yourself first and put all contacts into the blind copy (BCC) field to ensure you do not distribute email addresses without permission. Always copy in fellow leaders. Follow the same privacy protocols if using SMS texts to do mass communication within the group.

4.3.PHONE/SKYPE/ZOOM/FACETIME/MESSAGING APPS/IN-GAME MESSAGING

In the main seek to avoid where possible individual contact with young people via online and smart phone communication. Aim to have 100% of communication to young people via group communication. Should a need arise to use phone/Skype/FaceTime/Zoom you should be accountable — always get parental permission before you talk with a young person over the phone and tell a co-leader that you are conversing with a young person by phone. If using Skype, Zoom or FaceTime again always get parental permission before you talk with a young person using this facility. Ensure both you and the young person are using this form of communication in an open area where people can see you or there are others present, e.g. not alone in your

room. Do not use Messaging Apps or in-game messaging to communicate individually with children or people under your pastoral care in your Church role.

In the case where an inappropriate message or image is sent to a leader by a child or a person under pastoral care/leadership via any online or smart phone communication, whether publicly or privately, the leader should not reply under any circumstances. Do not delete the image or message. The leader must immediately notify the ministry or organisation leader that this has occurred. The ministry or organisation leader may then contact the SCU for advice on how to proceed.

4.4.CYBER BULLYING AND IMAGE BASED ABUSE

Sadly, there is an increase in the prevalence of cyber bullying and image-based abuse targeting both adults and children in Australia, mostly via social media. Both State and Federal parliaments have begun to address this societal problem through legislation and the provision of assistance to Australians via the Office of e-safety —www.esafety.gov.au If you become aware of cyber bullying or image based abuse within the church context visit www.esafety.gov.au and contact SCU for assistance and reporting.

APPENDIX 11 – TRANSPORT

Who can transport participants?

To transport participants, you must:

- Have P2 green probationary or an open license. You cannot transport participants if you have a Learners permit or a P1 red probationary license.
- You must have a good driving record.
- Inform and obtain approval from the Team Leader in charge of the relevant activity prior to the trip.
- Completed the form 'CSE3-DD Drivers Declaration'

Vehicle requirements

All vehicles used to transport people during a program must be roadworthy and have current registration. It is the responsibility of the driver to ensure that the vehicle is safe for use. You should use the following POWER checklist:

Petrol – plenty of fuel.

Oil – correct level.

Water – correct level.

Electrics – all lights, indicators and other devices are functional.

Rubber – tyres are in good condition and correctly inflated

Guidelines when transporting participants:

- Parental/ guardian permission should be obtained before transporting participants under the age of 18.
- There should always be another person in the car, preferably another Team Member.
- It is preferable to transport a participant of the same gender rather than of the opposite gender to yourself.
- Transport should only be provided for organised events where the relevant permissions have been granted or when permission has been granted by the Team Leader

Family and Friends Transport

It is recommended that you follow our transport policy even for friends and family as these guidelines provide protection for both the Team Member and the Participant. However, we do understand that this situation arises at times amongst close friends and relatives. If you choose to transport family and friends, you are doing so against our transport policy and do so at your own risk, a few things you should consider are:

- Plan your trip not to be alone with a child under 18, try to take a sibling or friend with you.
- For your protection never offer a lift, if asked to transport a child, take someone with you or try to make alternate arrangements.
- If you do transport family or friends always make personal contact with the parent/guardian on arrival.
- For your protection take and keep a personal note of the trip, including the specific times of arrival and departure, and any relevant issues or topics of discussion.
- If you are a young person transporting your personal friends, always ensure that their parent is aware that you are transporting them.